

Why is it that all eyes are centered on the Indian Territory at the present time? Because of the prospects and opportunities there for the farmer and artisan: cheap lands, growing towns, and every feature of development. Write for descriptive literature: March 15, "The Creek Nation," now ready. Address, "KATY," 301 Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

Malice and hatred are very fretting, and make our own minds sore and uneasy.—Tillotson.

**Stops the Cough**  
and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25 cents.

We could get along better with the inevitable if it would make reasonable concessions.—Puck.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Give advice to others if you will, but take an occasional dose of it yourself.—Chicago Daily News.

Chicago, St. Paul-Minneapolis, four daily trains via the Chicago & North-Western Ry.

The man who never begins never has to break off.—Ran's Horn.

Perfectly simple and simply perfect in design with Putnam Faddless Dyes.

To conceal truth is to conceal the heart.—Ran's Horn.

## HOUSEWIVES HEADACHES

You don't know why you suffer from headache and you are apt to believe you have some dire female trouble, but its dollars to doughnuts that you are wrong. Women are prone to put off the duties of Nature to attend to the duties of the home and when they do get time to go, the feeling has passed.

Constipation results and then the awful racking headache. Take a spoonful of

## Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

every night before going to bed. Keep it up for a few weeks.

A. F. Klop, of Troy, Ohio, writes to Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, dated June 10, 1901: "My wife and I suffered on and off for three or four years with Constipation and Sick Headache, and we received almost instant relief by taking Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. The use of several bottles restored our digestive organs to normal condition, and although we are 75 years of age, we feel as if we were 25 years younger."

Your Money Back  
If It Don't Benefit You  
PEPSIN SYRUP CO., Monticello, Ill.

## ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine  
**Carter's Little Liver Pills.**

Must Bear Signature of  
*Wm. Carter*

See Pac-Stim wrapper below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.  
**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**  
FOR HEADACHE.  
FOR DIZZINESS.  
FOR BILIOUSNESS.  
FOR TORPID LIVER.  
FOR CONSTIPATION.  
FOR SALLLOW SKIN.  
FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

**SOLID FACTS!**  
ALL WEARERS OF THE ORIGINAL  
**TOWER'S FISH BRAND OILED CLOTHING**  
SAVES THE BEST IN THE WORLD AND IS EMPHATICALLY!  
ON SALE EVERYWHERE  
105 TOWER CANAL ST. LIND. TORONTO, CAN.

**FREE TO WOMEN**  
To prove the health and cleansing power of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done for them. Local treatment of female ills, curing all inflammation and discharges, wonderful as a cleansing vaginal douche, for sore throat, nasal catarrh, as a mouth wash, and to remove tartar and whiten the teeth. Send to-day a postal card will do.  
Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents, large box, Satisfaction guaranteed.  
FREE R. PAXTINE CO., 391 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

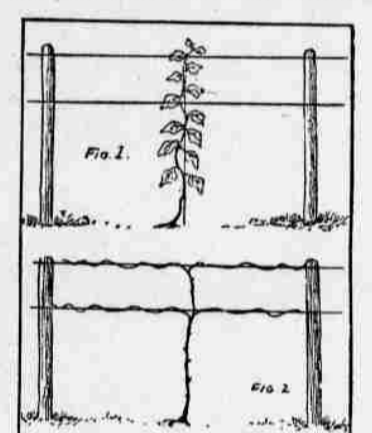
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Standard Goods. Lowest Prices.  
Mail Orders Filled. Catalogue FREE.  
J. S. JEWELRY, 315 Second Street, St. Louis, Mo.  
A. N. K.—1900  
When writing to advertisers please state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.



## TRAINING OF GRAPES.

Conclusions Gathered from Twenty Years of Active Work in Growing the Fruit.

During the past 20 years, many forms or "systems" have come into existence, the merits of which it is not the purpose of this article to discuss, but to present the conclusions gathered from 20 years of active work in the growing of grapes for market. Beginning with the vine, as received from the nursery, it is best to cut back to one or two good buds, and plant the vine so that it will be just above the surface of the ground. If the trellis has been built, which is always a good practice to follow, drive a small peg, about six inches long, into the ground close to the vine, and run a string of tarred hemp or some other waterproof cordage from this peg to the top wire of the trellis to act as guide for the young vine, and to protect it against the influence of the wind and to insure an upright growth. This brings us to the end of the first year, and if the vine has made a fairly good growth, it is



GRAPE TRAINING.  
(First Year Above. Second Year Below.)

now ready to take some form of training. From long and practical experience with a number of the different methods of training in the same vineyard, the writer has concluded, all things considered, that a modification of what is known as the Kniffin, or more properly speaking, a combination of the Kniffin and drooping methods is the simplest, cheapest and by far the most practical. This consists in having two vines, one at the top and one 14 inches below it, strung on posts standing not less than 5 1/2 feet out of the ground; and the vines are set eight feet apart, and with the wires drawn taut it will give room to pass under the trellis whenever it may be found convenient to do so. Assuming that the growth has reached the top of the trellis, tie the vine to the top wire with a piece of twine or raffia, just enough to hold it in place without injury, then cut it off above the wire. As soon as the buds have grown a few inches or before they have made two much growth, select the four strongest canes next under, and running parallel with the wires; tie them along their respective wires and remove all others. This brings us to the end of the second season, and all will admit that it is neither difficult nor complicated to grow a vine as represented in the cut.

At the beginning of the third season we have a vine consisting of an upright two years old, and four horizontal canes one year old respectively. As the fruit is produced on the current year's growth, it is readily seen that as few or as many may be allowed to grow as are desired, according to the habit and vigor of the vine. On the free growing varieties, such as the Concord, Brighton and Niagara, it is best to remove every other bud, while on the short-jointed sorts, as the Agawam and many other well-known kinds every third bud will give all the wood that the vine should grow and supply with a proper balance between root and top. It must be understood that the canes selected for the fruiting ones are not to be allowed to grow at random, but after they have made three or four leaves besides the ones opposite the grape clusters, they are to be shortened in and kept so, and thus force the strength of the vine into the fruit, and not have it wasted in the production of useless wood.

I am well aware that this practice has been questioned, and by some is considered as useless labor, and by others as contrary to nature, but careful comparison where results meant dollars and cents, leads me to prefer it to the slipshod method of letting the vines run at random, to say nothing of the extra amount of spraying compound wasted, or the annoyance at picking time. We are now at the close of the third season, and our vine is assumed to be in full system, and probably has more wood than is required for the coming season. How to reduce this is the question this is confusing to many, but it is explained by simply cutting the vine back to where we found it at the beginning of the season, by reducing each fruiting cane to its first bud. This places the vine as at the beginning of the season, except that the producing buds have taken the form of spurs. This may be repeated for a number of years, or until the horizontal cane becomes old, or the spurs become long and unsightly. When it is considered necessary to renew the horizontal cane, the one-year growth, or fruiting cane next to the upright or main part of the vine should not be cut away, but saved as a new horizontal, and the old or rejected cane cut out instead.—Rural New Yorker.

**Value of the Farm Silo.**  
A farmer who has made a very thorough trial of the silo says he is so well satisfied with the economy of the silo for the dairy that if he had to build every year a receptacle to contain the silage and tear it down to get at the contents, like opening an oyster can, he would certainly do so. His silage this year is excellent, a very rich mixture of corn and peas. His cows are doing well. He says he does not need either bran or oil meal, and it certainly makes him feel independent.

## FEEDING DAIRY COWS.

Care Must Be Exercised If Perfectly Satisfactory Results Are to Be Obtained.

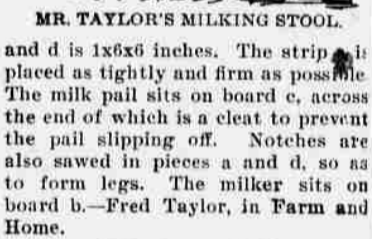
Farmers do not realize the heavy losses they suffer from failure to feed cows properly. It is estimated that the average annual yield of butter per cow is 125 pounds. Every cow must first be furnished with enough food for body maintenance; then whatever she gets over and above that amount goes to make milk or meat. If a cow is bred along dairy lines—that is, if her sire is a full-blooded dairy animal—she will not have a strong tendency to convert feed into meat and will therefore convert it into milk. So if she is well fed from the time she drops her calf, is regularly milked and made comfortable quiet and contented, the more feed she gets the more milk she will give, says the Michigan Farmer.

Under careful feeding and good management the yield of butter can easily be raised to 300 pounds a year. We have about 11,000,000 dairy cows in the country, which are yielding about 1,375,000,000 pounds of butter, which, at 15 cents a pound, amount to \$206,250,000. If the 11,000,000 cows were properly fed, they would produce 3,300,000,000 pounds of butter, which, at 15 cents a pound, would amount to \$495,000,000. Allowing for the extra cost that good feeding would necessitate, there is an annual loss of over \$250,000,000 because of poor feeding. It may be thought by some that such an enormous yield of butter would bring ruin to the dairy industry. It would to certain countries and localities where feed is expensive, but the farmers of the northwest need have no fear on this score, for they could and would in a short time be called upon to furnish European countries with their butter, as we could furnish it and make more money than we do at prices that other countries could not possibly meet. In round numbers it costs about twice as much to produce butter in Denmark as it does in the northwest. It will take many years to bring the average up to over 200 pounds per cow, and those who begin now to feed right will have the benefit of the good prices. Present prices will be found entirely satisfactory if cows are liberally and properly fed. During the year 1895, under good management, cows returned a net profit of \$40 per head; during the year 1896 they made a net profit of \$30 per head after deducting the cost of feed; during the year 1897 the net profit per cow amounted to \$38 per head, making the average for the three years \$36 per head, without giving any credit for skim milk and young stock.

## HANDY MILKING STOOL.

Hillman Dairyman Describes a Convenience Which Suits Him Very Well Indeed.

My milking stool is made of 1 inch boards. Pieces are 18x12 inches; b is 18x8 inches; c is 18x18 inches and d is 18x6 inches. The strips are placed as tightly and firm as possible. The milk pail sits on board c, across the end of which is a cleat to prevent the pail slipping off. Notches are also sawed in pieces a and d, so as to form legs. The milker sits on board b.—Fred Taylor, in Farm and Home.



MR. TAYLOR'S MILKING STOOL.

**TIMELY DAIRY NOTES.**  
Cows need some succulent food in winter to enable them to do their best. A dairy authority says: Butter that has been properly made will not stick to the knife blade when it is cut. A poor cow takes up as much room, eats almost as much feed and requires almost as much care as a good one. Weed them out. The man who furnishes unclean milk for consumption or to the creamery deserves no consideration. Unclean milk from one herd may spoil the whole day's receipts. The Dairy and Creamery recently received a letter from a German farmer asking where skim milk could be bought cheaply and in large quantities. The firm making the inquiry proposes to start a factory to manufacture a new by-product of milk after the butterfat is taken out of it.

**Dairy Hint from Germany.**  
The Germans find that with warm water the daily quantity of milk is increased one pound a cow as compared with cows drinking cold water. While the cows drank an average of 73 pounds of warm water a day, they drank but 63 pounds of cold. They found also that cows drinking warm water consumed three-fourths pound of food more daily, though they consumed a smaller quantity of dry food for each quart of milk. The increase in quantity of water drank was accompanied by an increase of water in milk, with no increase of the total solids, which means that the milk from cows having warm water had a greater per cent. of water in it than did the milk of cows drinking cold water.

**Gypsy Moth Still at Work.**  
The gypsy moth fight seems to be on once more says the Springfield Republican. The gypsy moth committee of the state board of agriculture in its report declares that the moth was under control when the policy of extermination was abandoned. It holds that at present that abandonment has resulted in immense loss and in the impending danger that everything in the eastern part of the state will be eaten up. Now comes the mayor of Malden and petitions that the work be taken up once more, and that the state pay \$100,000 for the beginning.

## PROSPERITY IN CANADA.

The Farmer in Western Canada Achieves Wonderful Success.

One of the first things that the man who wishes to change his residence endures to find out is where he may go and succeed. It need be a matter of little doubt or indecision now. During the past four or five years the development of Western Canada has been so rapid, and the conditions of life there so widely known, that upwards of 100,000 Americans have taken up their homes there, and the experience of these people is that they are thoroughly satisfied with their choice of home. The methods of farming there are similar to those adopted in the United States, but the operations are simpler, the yield of grain greater, and the profits more satisfactory. Ranching is carried on with lots of success. Mixed farming is always profitable, while the results in grain-raising are as certain as splendid soil, excellent climate and lots of sunlight can give. The yields of— but nothing is as satisfactory as the experience of the farmer himself, and extracts are selected from one.

A good, intelligent farmer, named Mears, John Mears, to be exact—lived in Cavalier County, North Dakota, two years ago, and followed the thousands who had already gone to Canada. He had twenty-five years' experience in Minnesota, in buying grain, including flax. But in all his experience he never saw a district so well suited to the growth of flax as Western Canada. The financial results of Mr. Mears' operations in a single season are as follows: Wheat, 3,000 bushels, 1 hard at \$7.75, \$1,750.00; 2,500 bushels, 1 Northern at \$4.00, \$1,000.00; oats, 1,500 bushels, at \$3.50, \$5,250.00; speltz, 134 bushels at \$2.50, \$3,350.00; flax, 224 bushels, at \$2.825, \$11,150.00. Total, \$45,900.00. A return of more than \$4,500 from a little over 250 acres, an average of \$18 per acre—is surely testimony sufficiently strong to satisfy the most incredulous as to the money to be made out of the soil of the Canadian West. It is to facts like these—arguments expressible and demonstrable in dollars and cents, that the steady northward movement of American farmers is due. Mr. Mears is settled near Arco, Idaho, Assa.

A number of Americans who have chosen Western Canada as a home had the idea that a man enjoyed less freedom in Canada, but they soon found their mistake, and say the laws of Canada are the most liberal in the world, and such as prevent the litigation which breeds so much bad feeling between people in the United States and costs them so dear in lawyers' fees.

The Government has established Agencies at St. Paul, Minn.; Omaha, Neb.; Kansas City, Mo.; Chicago, Ill.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Wausau, Wis.; Detroit, Sault Ste. Marie, and Marquette, Mich.; Toledo, Ohio; Watertown, S. Dakota; Grand Forks, N. Dakota; and Great Falls, Montana; and the suggestion is made that by addressing any of these, who are the authorized agents of the Government, it will be to the advantage of the reader, who will be given the fullest and most authentic information regarding the results of mixed farming, dairying, ranching and grain-raising, and also supply information as to freight and passenger rates, etc.

## LOOKING FOR A RIVER.

Senator Depew's Conception of the Rio Grande and What the Reality Was.

Into a speech Senator Depew interjected an anecdote, says the Washington Post. "Very early in my boyhood," said he, "I read about the great river of the globe. Having been born on the Hudson, I was interested in the Amazon, with 3,000 miles of navigation, and I took great pride in the story of the Nile and the Old River. I delighted in the descriptions of the Rio Grande."

"But it was not my pleasure to be near the Rio Grande till five years ago. As soon as our train reached El Paso I went out to view the beautiful Rio Grande, to see the commerce floating upon its bosom, and the cattle and horses, such as go up and down on the Hudson. I walked more than an hour, and, returning, saw an aged man, whom I believed, would likely be truthful. I asked him where was the Rio Grande. 'Sir,' said he, 'you have already crossed it twice.'"

Senator Depew said, after that he was agreed to the conclusion, "the rivers of Mexico have their bottoms on top."

"If some young men," said Uncle Eben, "spent as much time studying as they do dressin' up, dey would know no' what 'is votin' about when election day comes."—Washington Star.

Malice and hatred are very fretting, and make our own minds sore and uneasy.—Tillotson.

## THE MARKETS.

New York, March 10.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$4.90 \$5.50
COTTON—Middling.....	10 10
POULTRY—Fair to Choice.....	75 80
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	80 81
CORN—No. 2.....	54 55
OATS—No. 2.....	20 21
PORK—Mess (new).....	15 25 19 00
ST. LOUIS.	
COTTON—Middling.....	9 5/8 5 7/8
BEEVES—Steers.....	2 25 5 00
CALVES—per 100 lbs.....	5 00 5 25
HOGS—Fair to Choice.....	6 25 6 50
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....	4 00 5 50
FLOUR—Patent 4.....	30 40
Other grades.....	2 75 3 25
CORN—No. 2 Red.....	12 1/2 12 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	35 36 30 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	11 11
WHEAT—No. 2.....	11 11
Wool—Tub Washed.....	11 11
Other grades.....	11 11
HAY—Clean Timothy.....	12 00 15 50
BUTTER—Choice Dairy.....	15 21
EGGS—Fresh.....	10 10 1/2
BACON—Clear Rib.....	9 10 1/2
EGGS—Standard (new).....	9 10 1/2
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	4 50 5 75
HOGS—Fair to Choice.....	6 00 6 50
POULTRY—Fair to Choice.....	7 50 8 00
WHEAT—Winter Patents.....	3 00 3 70
Spring Patents.....	3 50 3 80
CORN—No. 2.....	70 71
OATS—No. 2.....	20 21
PORK—Mess.....	15 25 19 00
ST. LOUISVILLE.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	7 75 8 50
HOGS—Fair to Choice.....	6 75 7 25
POULTRY—Fair to Choice.....	7 50 8 00
WHEAT—No. 2.....	30 31
CORN—No. 2.....	20 21
OATS—No. 2.....	11 11
PORK—Mess.....	15 25 19 00
COTTON—Middling.....	9 5/8 5 7/8

## He Went West and Prospered.

Freeland, Kans., Mar. 9th.—One of the most prosperous farmers in Harper County is Mr. N. H. Mead. Some thirty-four years ago he left his home near Clarence, N. Y., and came to Kansas. Here he has thrived splendidly and last year harvested over one hundred and forty acres of wheat alone. But everything has not gone well with Mr. Mead, for his health has not been good for the last few years. He has suffered a great deal with Kidney and Bladder Trouble and could get nothing to stop it. Lately, however, he has improved a great deal and he says that he has none of the old symptoms left and is feeling splendid again. He used Dodd's Kidney Pills and this remedy seemed to work wonders in his case. He says himself:

"Dodd's Kidney Pills have made me well. They are all right and a reliable remedy for Kidney Trouble. They helped me right from the start, giving me great relief, and finally cured me."

"Perhaps," ventured the unsuccessful contributor, "you didn't consider my little ode true to life." "Oh, it was true enough," replied the editor. "I assure you there was more truth than poetry in what you said."—Philadelphia Press.

**Mother Gray's Sweet Powders**  
For Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, broke up Colds, cure Feverishness, Constipation, Stomach and Teething Disorders, and destroy Worms. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

It is a pity that we do not give more heed to the still small voice, but it must be admitted that Conscience is far from being a delightful conversationalist.—Puck.

## TO WORKING GIRLS



## FREE MEDICAL ADVICE

Every working girl who is not well is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice; it is freely given, and has restored thousands to health.

## Miss Paine's Experience.

"I want to thank you for what you have done for me, and recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all girls whose work keeps them standing on their feet in the store. The doctor said I must stop work; he did not seem to realize that a girl cannot afford to stop working. My back ached, my appetite was poor, I could not sleep, and menstruation was scanty and very painful. One day when suffering I commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and found that it helped me. I continued its use, and soon found that my menstrual periods were free from pain and natural; everyone is surprised at the change in me, and I am well, and cannot be too grateful for what you have done for me."—Miss JANET PAINE, 530 West 125th St., New York City. —\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Take no substitute, for it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that cures.



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Laxative Tea" or "Herb Drink."

## LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 10c. and 50c. Buy it early. LANE'S Family Medicine. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Laxative Tea" or "Herb Drink."

## YOU CAN DO IT TOO

Over 2,000,000 people are now buying goods from us at wholesale prices—saving 15 to 40 percent on everything they use. You can do it too. Why not ask us to send you our 1,000-page catalogue?—It tells the story. Send 15 cents for it today.

Montgomery Ward & Co. CHICAGO The house that tells the truth.

## WANTED—MILITARY LAND WALKING

Wanted, a man, 25 years of age or over, who has been in the military service of the United States, and who is a native-born American citizen. Address: H. R. KELLEY, 304 E. 10th St., Kansas City, Mo.

## THE TEST OF GOLD.

A Vast Number of Kidney Suffering People, Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills, say but for the Free Trial they would still be in Agony. This means Golden Merit at your Command to Test.

COLUMBUS CITY, Ia., Feb. 10, 1903.—I received the sample package of Doan's Kidney Pills and took them according to directions. They did me so much good, I procured a 50-cent box at the drug store and have been greatly benefited. I had the backache so bad I could hardly walk; also had urinary troubles, that caused me to get up two and three times of a night. I am all right now. Long may Doan's Pills prosper. Yours truly, A. C. SIRE.

Severe and long standing cases should take advantage of free Medical Advice.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Feb. 17, 1903.—I received the trial package of Doan's Kidney Pills promptly and can truly say they are all and even more than recommended. I suffered continually with a severe pain in the back, which the pills entirely overcame, and I am able to work, which would not have been possible but for Doan's Kidney Pills. MRS. J. A. SCHLAMB, 935 Buchanan St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Aching backs are eased. Hip, back, and joint pains overcome. Swelling of the limbs and dropsy signs vanish. They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency, bed wetting. Doan's Kidney Pills remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness, dizziness.

FREE—SEALED WITH PUBLIC APPROVAL



Please send me by mail, without charge, trial box Doan's Kidney Pills.

Name.....

Post-office.....

State.....

(Cut out coupon on dotted lines and mail to Foster-McMullen Co., Buffalo, N. Y.)

Medical Advice Free—Strictly Confidential.

## SPRING PURIFICATION



## of the Skin and Blood Should Begin NOW

**BLOOD HUMOURS, Skin Humours, Scalp Humours, Baby Humours** and every kind of Humour from Pimples to Scrofula, with Premature Loss of Hair, may now be speedily, permanently and economically cured by Cuticura Resolvent, greatest of Blood and Skin Purifiers, assisted by the external use of Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap.

Thousands of the world's best people have found instant relief and speedy cure by the use of Cuticura Resolvent, Ointment and Soap in the most torturing and disfiguring of ITCHING, BURNING, and SCALY HUMOURS, ECZEMAS, RASHES, ITCHINGS and INFLAMMATIONS.

Thousands of Tired, Fretted Mothers, of Skin-Tortured and Disfigured Babies, of all ages and conditions, have certified to almost miraculous cures by the Cuticura Remedies when the best medical skill has failed to relieve, much less cure.

Cuticura Treatment is local and constitutional—complete and perfect, pure, sweet and wholesome. Bathe the affected surfaces with Cuticura Soap and Hot Water to cleanse the skin of Crusts and Scales and Soften the Thickened Cuticle, dry without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely to allay Itching, Irritation, and Inflammation, and Soothe and Heal, and lastly take Cuticura Resolvent to Cool and Cleanse the Blood, and put every function in a state of healthy activity.

To those who have suffered long and hopelessly from Humours of the Blood, Skin and Scalp, and who have lost faith in doctors, medicines, and all things human, Cuticura Remedies appeal with a force hardly to be realized. Every hope, every expectation awakened by them has been more than fulfilled. More great cures of Simple, Scrofulous, and Hereditary Humours are daily made by them than by all other Blood and Skin Remedies combined, a single set being often sufficient to cure the most distressing cases when all else fails.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the civilized world. PRICES: Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. per bottle (in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60); Cuticura Ointment, 50c. per box, and Cuticura Soap, 25c. per cake. Send for the great work, "Humours of the Blood, Skin and Scalp, and How to Cure Them," 64 Pages, 300 Diseases, with Illustrations, Testimonials, and Directions in all languages, including Japanese and Chinese. British Depot, 27-28 Charterhouse St., London, E. C. French Depot, 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. Australian Depot, R. Thomas & Co., Sydney. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Proprietors, Boston, U. S. A.

## THE NEED OF A STIMULANT.

The digestive organs, the liver, the kidneys and bowels lose their effectiveness at times and need help. At such a time a stimulating, cleansing and regulating medicine is of priceless value because serious diseases spring from neglected disorders in these organs. For this purpose there is no better medicine on earth than Prickly Ash Bitters, the great regulating system tonic, bowel and blood purifier.

The uniform success of this remedy in correcting disturbance in the system is due to its four-fold cleansing and strengthening effect. It is a kidney remedy of superior merit. It is a successful liver medicine. It tones up the digestive process in the stomach. It purifies and regulates the bowels. By removing obstructions and impurities in the blood, liver and bowels and strengthening the digestion, the whole internal organism is improved, and the weak, despondent victim feels at once a brightening up in body and brain, renewed energy, snap, vim and activity.

As a household remedy to relieve indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn, bad breath, belching, flatulence, constipation and for keeping the system in order it is invaluable.

**SOLD AT DRUG STORES. PRICE \$1.00.**

Insist on having the genuine. No "just as good" article can point to as many years of successful battling with disease. When you buy Prickly Ash Bitters you get a remedy that does the work. Try it.